

## What the Tide Brings In Quilt

Featuring Sea Sisters by Shell Rummel What will the tide bring in today? Immerse yourself in Shell Rummel's newest fabric collection, Sea Sisters, and this serene project. Seashells, urchins, sand, pebbles, and coastal wildflowers wash ashore at the beach. Enjoy making these sea inspired blocks using curved piecing techniques.

| Collection: | Sea Sisters by Shell Rummel |
| :--- | :--- |
| Technique: | Traditional Piecing |
|  | Curved Piecing |
| Skill Level: | Advanced |
| Finished Size: | $78^{\prime \prime} \times 84^{\prime \prime}(1.98 \mathrm{~m} \times 2.13 \mathrm{~m})$ |

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## What the Tide Brings In Quilt

Project designed by Natalie Crabtree of Crabtree Arts Collective
Fabric Requirements
DESIGN
(A) Low Tide
(B) Sea Wall
(C) Cloud Cover
(D) Ocean Fragments
(E) Crest
(F) In the Shallows
(G) Coastal Wildflowers
(H) Dunes
(I) Small Dunes
(J) Sanibel
(K) Swirl
(L) Urchins
(M) Watercolor Urchins**
(N) Desinger Essential Solid

* includes binding
**108-wide fabric used in quilt top and for binding
Backing (Purchased Separately)
44" (1.12m) wide


## Crest

SILVERBLUE
OR
108" ( 2.74 m ) wide
Watercolor Urchins

| COLOR | ITEM ID | YARDAGE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dusky Blue | PWSR069.DUSKYBLUE | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Azure | PWSR070.AZURE | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Grey | PWSR071.GREY | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Multi | PWSR072.MULTI | $21 / 2$ yards $(2.29 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Silver Blue | PWSR073.SILVERBLUE | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Aquarmarine | PWSR074.AQUAMARINE | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Dusky Blue | PWSR075.DUSKYBLUE | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Marine | PWSR076.MARINE | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Warm Sand | PWSR077.WARMSAND | $1 / 2$ yard $(0.46 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Ocean | PWSR078.OCEAN | $3 / 8$ yard $(0.34 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Indigo | PWSR079.INDIGO | $3 / 8$ yard $(0.34 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Storm Grey | PWSR080.STORMGREY | $3 / 8$ yard $(0.34 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Salt | OBSR002.SALT* | $11 / 8$ yards $(1.03 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Winter White | CSFSESS.WINTE | 3 yards $(2.74 \mathrm{~m})$ |

Additional Recommendations

- $100 \%$ cotton thread in colors to match
- 86 " $\times 92^{\prime \prime}(2.18 \mathrm{~m} \times 2.34 \mathrm{~m})$ batting
- Optional: template plastic for curved templates


## What the Tide Brings In Quilt

## Preparation

1. Print all 3 template patterns: Curved Template A (clamshell), Curved Template B (top background), and Curved Template C (bottom background) on page 10 at 100\%/ actual size and measure to confirm accuracy of printout.
2. Trace onto template plastic or another sturdy material and cut out on the outer line to make cutting templates. If desired, mark a hole at the quarter inch seam allowance at the corners to aid in piecing accuracy.

## Cutting

WOF = Width of Fabric
LOF = Length of Fabric
Tip: If you are new to curved piecing, make a test block with scrap fabrics to practice the techniques and make sure you are sewing with the appropriate seam allowance.

## Fabrics A, C, G, and I, cut from each:

(2) $71 / 2$ " $\times$ WOF; sub-cut
(7) clamshells each using template A

## Fabrics B, E, and H, cut from each:

(2) $71 / 2 " \times$ WOF; sub-cut
(8) clamshells each using template A

## Fabric D, fussy cut:

(4) $31 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times$ LOF strips, centering a vertical ocean fragment design within each strip (Note that there will be white space on each long side of the motifs that are designed to appear in the assembled quilt top.)

## Fabric F cut:

(2) $71 / 21 \times$ WOF; sub-cut
(6) clamshells using template A

## Fabric J cut:

(1) $71 / 22^{\prime \prime} \times$ WOF; sub-cut
(4) clamshells using template A

## Fabrics $K$ and $L$, cut from each:

(1) $71 / 2$ " $\times$ WOF; sub-cut
(5) clamshells each using template A

## Fabric M, cut:

(8) $31 / 22^{\prime \prime} \times 108^{\prime \prime}$ strips
(4*) $21 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 108^{\prime \prime}$ strips for binding
*Binding cutting instructions are for 108 "-wide fabric. For binding cut from standard-width quilting cotton, instead cut (9) $2^{1 ⁄ 2} 2^{\prime \prime} \times$ WOF strips.

## Fabric N, cut:

(24*) 4" x WOF; sub-cut
(144) bottom background pieces using template C
(144) top background pieces using template B-rotate the template $180^{\circ}$ after each cut for most efficient use of fabric.
*Each WOF strip will yield at least 16 top background pieces using this method, but with careful cutting you may be able to cut 1 or 2 more per strip and use 1 less WOF strip.

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## Instructions

## Notes:

- Read the pattern all the way through before beginning. A prior knowledge of curved piecing is helpful for this project.
- Use a scant $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ seam allowance when piecing Clamshell blocks and a standard $1 / 4$ " seam allowance elsewhere. Pieces are sewn right sides together. Press after each seam as indicated by the arrows or as directed.


## RST = Right Sides Together <br> WST = Wrong Sides Together

1. Gather 1 Fabric $\mathbf{A}$ clamshell (A) and 2 each Fabric $\mathbf{N}$ top (B) and bottom background (C) pieces. Mark center creases on all by folding and finger pressing as follows:
a. Fold the clamshell (A) in half vertically RST and press at the top curve to mark a vertical center crease.
b. On the lower half of both sides of the clamshell, fold each bottom curve in half RST, matching ends, and press to mark both bottom creases.
c. Fold the top and bottom background pieces ( $B, C$ ) in half WST and press to mark center creases. By folding in the opposite direction of the foundation unit, the pieces will nest together easily when pinned.
2. Place a bottom background (C) piece RST in the bottom left-hand curve of the clamshell (Fig. 1). Match and pin at the ends and center crease. Add additional pins if you prefer, but the natural give of the fabric is easier to manipulate with less pins. The pieces will appear gathered or bunched together now but will press out flat. Stitch the pinned pieces together slowly, stopping with the needle down as needed to adjust pieces so the raw edges are aligned as the go under the needle, and making sure that both have a scant* ${ }^{1 / 4} 4^{\prime \prime}$ seam allowance as they go under the needle. Use your fingers or a stiletto to smooth fabrics to prevent puckers. Press away from the clamshell. (Fig. 2)
*The scant $1 / 4$ " seam allowance here will allow a small margin for trimming to square up blocks if needed, and also will ensure that the raw edges at the ends of the background pieces will be hidden inside the standard $1 / 4$ " seam allowance when the blocks are joined into columns.

Fig. 1


Fig. 2


## What the Tide Brings In Quilt

3. Repeat step 2 to add an additional Fabric $\mathbf{N}$ bottom background (C) to the remaining bottom right curve of the clamshell (Fig. 3).

Fig. 3

4. Place a top background (B) piece RST in the top left-hand curve of the clamshell. Match and pin at the center creases in the curves, then align the ends as follows:
a. on the left-hand side of the clamshell's curve, match the narrow end of the Top Background piece with the raw edges of the seam allowances that you pressed away from the clamshell. If you marked the $1 / 4$ " intersections on all your fabric pieces, make sure those are aligned as well.
b. at the top of the clamshell, align the remaining narrow end of the Top Background piece $1 / 4$ " past the vertical center crease.

Add additional pins if desired, then repeat the process in step 2 to sew together, working with the clamshell piece towards the feed dogs. Press away from the clamshell (Fig. 4)

5. Repeat Step 4 to add the final remaining Top Background piece to the step 4 unit (Fig. 5) to complete a Clamshell Block. Note that there will be raw edges at the centers of the top and left and right sides, but these will be hidden within the seam allowances when the block are joined together. Ensure there is at least $1 / 4$ " seam allowance between the Fabric A Clamshell and the raw edges of the block (Fig. 6).

Fig. 5 N
Curved


Fig. 6
.


What the Tide Brings In Quilt
6. Repeat steps 1-5 to create the following blocks in the fabrics and quantities shown below. (Fig. 7). Press well and if needed, square up all blocks to $71_{2} 2^{\prime \prime} \times 7 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ including seam allowance.

Fabrics A, C, G, and I: Create 7 blocks each
Fabrics B, E, and H: Create 8 blocks each
Fabric F: Create 6 blocks
Fabric J: Create 4 blocks
Fabrics K and L: Create 5 Blocks each
Fig. 7


## What the Tide Brings In Quilt

## Quilt Top Assembly

7. Referring to Figure 8 (page 8), arrange the blocks as shown in 3 columns, each 2 blocks wide by 12 blocks high. Sew the blocks first into single columns, matching the clamshell point with the top vertical crease in the next Clamshell block beneath it. Then join the columns in pairs, again matching clamshell centers and seam allowances. Press seam allowances open.
8. Measure the columns' length. Each should measure $841 / 2$ " long. Trim all the $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$-wide Fabric $\mathbf{D}$ and $\mathbf{M}$ strips to fit the columns. Then sew a Fabric M strip to both long sides of each Fabric $\mathbf{D}$ strip, pressing away from Fabric $\mathbf{D}$, to make a total of 4 M-D-M columns.
Note: the small white section on each long side of the Fabric $\mathbf{D}$ strips is intended to show in the assembled columns.
9. Sew the block columns and M-D-M columns together (Fig. 9 on page 9), pinning at ends and centers, to complete the quilt top (78 1/2" $\times 841 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ including seam allowances). Press away from the block columns.

## Finishing

10. Sew together the $2^{1} / 2^{\prime \prime} \times$ LOF Fabric $\mathbf{M}$ binding strips end-to-end using diagonal seams. Press seams open. Press the binding strip in half wrong sides together.
11. Layer backing (wrong side up), batting, and quilt top (right side up). Baste the layers together and quilt as desired. Trim excess batting and backing even with the top after quilting is completed.
12. Leaving an 8" tail of binding, sew the binding to the top of the quilt through all layers matching all raw edges. Miter corners. Stop approximately 12 " from where you started. Lay both loose ends of binding flat along quilt edge. Where the loose ends meet, fold them back on themselves and press to form a crease. Using this crease as your stitching line, sew the two open ends of the binding right sides together. Trim seam to $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ and press open. Finish sewing binding to quilt.
13. Turn the binding to the back of quilt and hand-stitch in place.


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## What the Tide Brings In Quilt

Fig. 8


Fig. 9




[^0]:    All possible care has been taken to assure the accuracy of this pattern. We are not responsible for printing errors or the manner in which individual work varies. Please read the instructions carefully before starting this project. If kitting, it is recommended a sample is made to confirm accuracy.

